

Saz Capital Securities (Private)
Limited
Financial Statements
For the year ended
June 30, 2021



Intelligent Choice Intelligent Solution Saz Capital Securities (Private)
Limited
Financial Statements
For the year ended
June 30, 2021



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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of SAZ CAPITAL SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statement of SAZ CAPITAL SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED, which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2021 and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flow for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flow together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2021 and of the loss for the year then ended; and other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan / Institute of Cost and management Accountants (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirement of Companies Act, 2017 and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enables the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease





operation, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Boards of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
  evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
  detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as
  fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
  internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
  disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in
  a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017;
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) No zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Imran Iqbal

KARACHI

DATE: 01ST October 2021

# SAZ CAPITAL SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2021

	Note	2021	2020
ASSETS		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
NON CURRENT ASSETS			
Property and equipment	4.1	45.350.530	15 200 472
Investment property	4.1	17,350,729	15,208,473
Intangible assets	4.2	2,897,500	2.750.000
Long term investment	5 6	2,750,000	2,750,000
Long term deposits	7	33,375,238	19,957,621
Deffered tax asset	8	1,876,500	1,876,500
	0	2,863,279 61,113,247	2,863,279 42,655,872
CURRENT ASSETS		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Investment at fair value through profit and loss Tax refundable	9	27,698,193	11,145,414
Trade debts		2,705,567	5,575,700
	10	1,286,212	508,585
Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables  Cash and bank balances	11	25,991,968	14,815,252
Cash and bank balances	. 12	456,824,508	213,077,400
		514,506,448	245,122,351
		575,619,695	287,778,223
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	13	92,500,000	92,500,000
Unappropriated profit/(loss)		108,496,237	98,787,475
Surplus/(Deficit) - Investment at fair value through other		13,563,298	145,680
comprehensive income		214,559,535	191,433,156
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payable	14	361,060,161	96,345,067
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	15	•	

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

# SAZ CAPITAL SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Note	2021 (Rupees)	2020 (Rupees)
Revenue from Contract with Customers	16	22,855,123	9,756,747
Operating and administrative expenses	17	(25,570,395)	(22,789,121)
Other income	18	12,766,862	17,825,549
NET PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		10,051,589	4,793,175
Taxation	19	(342,827)	1,681,985
NET PROFIT AFTER TAXATION		9,708,762	6,475,160

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

## SAZ CAPITAL SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	Accumulated Profit/(Loss)	Surplus/(Deficit) - Investment at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total
		]	Rupees	
Balance as at June 30, 2019	92,500,000	92,312,315	3,243,582	188,055,896
D = C . C . 1				
Profit for the year		6,475,160		6,475,160
Surplus/(Deficit) on investment				
available for sale	-	-	(3,097,901)	(3,097,901)
Dala Table 1				
Balance as at June 30, 2020	92,500,000	98,787,475	145,680	191,433,155
Profit for the year		9,708,762		9,708,762
Surplus/(Deficit) - Investment at				
fair value through other				
comprehensive income	-	-	13,417,618	13,417,618
D 1				
Balance as at June 30, 2021	92,500,000	108,496,237	13,563,298	214,559,535

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

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## SAZ CAPITAL SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	2021	2020
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Profit for the period	9,708,762	6,475,160
Unrealised gain/(loss) on revaluation of investments at fair value through other comprehensive income	13,417,618	(3,097,901)
Total Comprehensive Income	23,126,380	3,377,258

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

# SAZ CAPITAL SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	2021 (Rupees)	2020 (Rupees)
Profit before taxation  Adjustment for non-cash items:  Depreciation		10,051,589	4,793,175
Loss on disposal of vehcile Capital (gain) / Loss - on investment at fair value through P&L		1,326,249 290,000	1,347,610
Operating profit before working capital changes	L	(1,126,085)	2,155,609 3,503,220
Changes in working capital			
(Increase)/Decrease in trade debts (Increase)/Decrease in advances, deposits and prepayments (Increase)/Decrease in long term depoists Increase/(Decrease) in trade and other payable		(777,627) (9,825,103)	129,739 3,313,649
Net changes in working capital Taxes paid	L	264,715,093 254,112,363 (1,694,440)	22,700,865 26,144,253 (2,555,563)
Net cash generated from operating activities CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		262,959,676	31,885,084
Acquisition of property and equipment Disposal of vehcile Short term investment		(8,703,505) 5,063,311 (15,572,374)	(2,490,000) - 5,147,846
Net cash generated from investing activities		(19,212,568)	2,657,846
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Net cash generated from financing activities	_	-	-
Net increase in cash and cash equivalent  Cash and cash equivalent at beginning of the year		243,747,108 213,077,400	34,542,929
Cash and cash equivalent at end of the year		456,824,508	178,534,471 213,077,400

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

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#### SAZ CAPITAL SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### 1 Legal Status and Nature of Business

Saz Capital Securities (Private) limited was incorporated under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 on June 20, 2001 as a private limited company. The Company is a corporate member of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The registered office of the company is located at room no 608, 6th floor, Pakistan Stock Exchange Building, Stock Exchange Road, Karachi. The principal activities of the Company are investment and share brokerage.

#### 2 Basis of Preparation

#### 2.1 Statement of Compliance

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2017. Accordingly, these financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017, provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Act, 2017 shall prevail.

#### 2.2 Basis of Measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except Investments that are carried at fair value.

#### 2.3 Functional and Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the functional and presentation currency of the Company and have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

#### 2.4 Use of Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of financial statements is in conformity with approved accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods in the revision affects both current and future periods.

The estimates and judgments that have a significant effect on the financial statements that are in respect of the following:

- Property and equipment (note 4)
- Taxation (note 21)
- Contingencies (note 16)

# 2.5 New Accounting pronouncements

The following revised standards, amendments and interpretations with respect to approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standards or interpretation:

	Description effective for periods	Effective for periods beginning on or after
IAS 1	Presentation of financial statements (Amendments)	January 01, 2023
IAS 8	Accounting policies changes in estimates and errors (Amendments)	January 01, 2023
IFRS 09	Financial Instruments (Amendments)	January 01, 2022
IFRS 16	Leases (Amendments)	January 01, 2021
IAS 16	Property plant and equipment (Amendments)	January 01, 2022
IFRS 16	Provisions contingent liabilities an Contingent Assets (Amendments)	January 01, 2022 January 01, 2021

The Company expects that the adoption of the above revisions, amendments and interpretations of the standards will not have material effect on the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

Further, the following new standards have been issued by IASB which are yet to be notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan.

	Description effective for periods	Effective for periods beginning on or after
IFRS 01	First time adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards	July 01, 2009
IFRS 14	Regulatory Deferral Accounts	January 01, 2016

## 3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been applied consistently to all the years presented.

#### 3.1 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises of current, deferred and prior year tax. Income tax expense is recognized in profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity

#### Current

Provision for current tax is based on taxable income at the enacted or substantially enacted rates of taxation after taking in to account available tax credits and rebates, if any. The charge for current tax includes adjustments to charge for prior years which arises from assessments/ developments made during the year, if any.

#### Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognized using balance sheet method, in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of asset and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purpose. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement or the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using the enacted or substantively enacted rates or taxation.

The company recognizes deferred tax asset to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits for the foreseeable future will be available against which the asset can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

## 3.2 Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and its cost can be measured reliably. Cost incurred to replace a component of an item of property and equipment is capitalized, the asset so replaced is retired from use and its carrying amount is derecognized. Normal repairs and maintenance are charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation on all property and equipment is charged to the profit and loss account using Straight line Balance method over the asset's useful life at the rates stated Note no. 4. The depreciation on property and equipment is charged full in the month of acquisition and no depreciation is charged in the month of disposal. Gains or losses on disposal of an item of property and equipment are recognized in the profit and loss account. The assets' residual value and useful life are reviewed at each financial year end, and adjusted if appropriate.

#### 3.3 Intangible Assets

An intangible asset is recognized as an asset if it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the entity and the cost of such asset can be measured reliably.

#### Trading Right Entitlement Certificate(TREC)

This is stated at cost less impairment if any, the carrying amount is reviewed at each balance sheet date to assess whether it is in excess of its recoverable amount, and when the carrying amount exceeds its estimated recoverable amount, is it written down to its estimated recoverable amount.

#### Software

Costs directly associated with identifiable software that will have probable economic benefits exceeding costs beyond one year, are recognized as an intangible asset. Direct costs include the purchase costs of software and other directly attributable costs of preparing the software for its intended use.

Computer software is measured initially at cost and subsequently stated at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

#### Amortization

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortized, instead they are systematically tested for impairment at each reporting date. Intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortized at straight line basis over the useful life of the asset (at the rate specified in note 6 to these financial statements).

#### Trade debts and other receivables 3.4

Trade debts and other receivables are recognized at fair value and subsequently measure at cost less impairment losses, if any. Actual credit loss experience over past years is used to base the calculation of expected credit loss. Trade debts and other receivables considered irrecoverable are written off.

#### 3.5 Provisions

A provision is recognized in the financial statements when the company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. The amount recognized as a provision reflects the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

#### 3.6 Trade and Other Payable

Trade and other payables are recognized initially at fair value plus directly attributable cost, if any, and subsequently measured at amortized cost.

#### 3.7 Revenue recognition

Brokerage Commission, corporate finance income and other income are recognized as and when services are rendered.

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established

Income on continuous funding system transactions and bank deposits is recognized on a time proportionate basis that takes in to account the effective yield.

Mark-up income from investment in margin financing system is calculated on outstanding balance at agreed rates and recorded in profit and loss account.

#### 3.8 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, bank balances and highly liquid short term investments with original maturities of three months or less, that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### 3.9 Contingent Liabilities

A Contingent liability is disclosed when the company has a possible obligation as a result of past events, whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence, of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company; or the company has a present legal or constructive obligation that arises from past events, but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, or the amount of obligation cannot be measured with sufficient liability.

#### **Financial Instruments** 3.10

#### Initial Measurement of financial asset

The company classifies its financial assets in to three categories:

fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI);

fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL);and measured at amortized cost.

A financial asset is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition.

## Subsequent measurement

Debt investments at FVOCI

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest /markup income calculated using effective interest rate method, and impairment are recognized in the statement of profit and loss account. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income. On de-recognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified to the statement of profit and loss account.

Equity Investments at FVOCI

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in statement of profit and loss account unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and are never classified to the profit and loss account.

Financial asset at FVTPL

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest/markup or dividend income, are recognized in the statement of profit and loss account.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost

These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest/ markup income, and impairment are recognized in the statement of profit and loss account.

#### Non Derivative financial assets

All non-derivative financial assets are initially recognized on trade date i.e date on which the company becomes party to the respective contractual provisions. Non-derivative financial asset comprise loans and receivables that are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in active markets. The company derecognizes the financial asset. When the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expires or it transfer the right to receive the contractual cash flow in a transaction in which substantially all risk and rewards of ownership of the financial assets are transferred or it neither transferred nor retain substantially all the of the risk and rewards of ownership and does not retain control over the transferred asset.

#### Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial Assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the financial statements only when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset and the company intends to either settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and to settle the liabilities simultaneously. Income and expense items of such assets and liabilities are also offset and the net amount is reported in the financial statement only when permitted by the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

#### Financial Liabilities

Financial Liabilities are initially recognized on trade date i.e. the date on which the company becomes party to thee respective contractual provisions. Financial Liabilities include markup bearing borrowings and trade and other payables. The company derecognizes the financial liabilities when contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire. Financial liability other than fair value through profit and loss are initially measured at fair value less any directly attributable transaction cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, these liabilities are measured at amortized cost using effective interest rate method.

#### Impairment

#### Financial assets

The company recognized loss allowances for Expected Credit Losses (ECLs) in respect of financial asset measured at amortized cost.

The company measures loss allowance at an amount equal to life time ECLs, except for the following, which are measured at 12 month ECLs:

debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at reporting date; and Other debt securities and bank balances for which credit risk (i.e the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Loss allowance for trade receivables are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

When determining whether the credit risk of financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based in the company's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

The gross carrying amount of financial asset is written off when the company has no reasonable expectations of recovering of a financial asset in its entirety or a proportion thereof. The company individually makes an assessment with respect to the timing and amount of write-off based on whether there is reasonable expectation of recovery. The company expects no significant recovery from the amount written off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the company's procedures for the recovery of amounts due.

#### Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment, if such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount, being higher of value in use and fair value less cost to sell, is estimated. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using pretax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together in to smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or group of assets. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

# 3.11 Post retirement benefits- Staff gratuity

The company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme for all of its eligible employees who have completed the minimum qualification period of service.

# 4.1 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Particulars		Cost			Depreciation Depreciation			W.D.V.	
	As at July 1, 2020	Additions	Transfer/ (Deletions)	As at June 30, 2021	Rate %	As at July 1, 2020	For the year	As at June 30, 2021	As at June 30, 2021
Office Building	15,750,000	3,351,005	(2.050.000)	16.051.005	5%	1052 772	540,899	5,494,671	10,556,334
Furniture & Fixtures	600,000	3,331,003	(3,050,000)	16,051,005	15%	4,953,772 556,779	6,483	563,262	36,738
Office Equipments	33,000	-		33,000	15%	29,739	489	30,228	2,772
Computers	1,494,332			1,494,332	30%	1,491,331	900	1,492,231	2,101
Motor Vehicle	8,801,000	5,505,000	(2,490,000)	11,816,000	15%	4,438,238	624,977	5,063,215	6,752,785
June 30,2021 (Rupees)	26,678,332	8,856,005	(5,540,000)	29,994,337		11,469,859	1,173,749	12,643,608	17,350,729
June 30,2020 (Rupees)	24,188,332	2,490,000		26,678,332		10,122,249	1,347,610	11,469,859	15,208,473

#### 4.2. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

Particulars		Cost				Depreciation		W.D.V.
	As at July 1, 2020	Additions / (Deletions)	As at June 30, 2021	Rate %	As at July 1, 2020	For the year	As at June 30, 2021	As at June 30, 2021
Office Building		3,050,000	3,050,000	5%	-	152,500	152,500	2,897,500

2021

2020

(Rupees)

#### 5. INTANGBLE ASSETS

Trading Right Entitlement Certificate PSX Membership Cards Rights - PMEX 5.1

2,500,000	2,500,000
250,000	250,000
2,750,000	2,750,000

5.1 This represents TREC acquired on surrender of Stock Exchange membership Card. According to the Stock Exchanges (Corporatisation, Demutualization and Integration) Act 2012, the TRE Certificate may only be transferred once to a company intending to carry out shares brokerage business in the manner to be prescribed.

### 6. LONG TERM IVESTMENT

Investment at fair value through other comprehensive

income

6.1 & 6.2

33,375,238

19,957,621

Investment in Listed Securities:

Investment in shares of Pakistan Stock Exchange

6.1

24,121,438

10,703,821

6.1 This represents 1,081,194 (2019: 1,081,194) shares of Pakistan Stock Exchange which are pledge with PSX against Base Minimum Capital.

#### 6.2 Investment in Unlisted Securities

Fair value

Investment in unlisted securities

6.2.1

9,253,800

9,253,800

9,000,000

9,000,000

6.2.1 The company has an investment of Rs. 9.25 million (2020: Rs.9.25 million) in shares of Platinum Capital Management (Private) Limited (PCMPL). PCMPL is incorporated in Pakistan as private limited company with a paid-up capital of Rs. 150 million as at 30 June 2020. The company owns 180,000 shares of Rs. 100 each (2020: 180,000 shares) representing 12% ownership. Break-up value per share of this investment is Rs.51.41 This break-up value per share is based on audited financial statements of PCMPL for the period ended 30 June 2020.

7	LONG TERM DEPOSITS	2021 (Rupee	2020 es)
	Deposits - PSX Deposits - PMEX (Membership) Central Depositary Company Of Pakistan National Clearing Company Of Pakistan Mobilink deposits National Commodity Deposit	210,000 750,000 100,000 200,000 6,500 610,000	210,000 750,000 100,000 200,000 6,500 610,000
8. 8.1 9.	DEFFERED TAX Deffered tax asset  Deffered tax asset is recognized on previous year tax losses as  SHORT TERM INVESTMENT - FAIR VALUE THRO		•

Investment in quoted securities

9.1.

27,698,193

11,145,414

- 9.1. Investment in various equity shares carried at market value.
- 9.2. This includes securities amounting to Rs. 11,640,443 pledge with PSX against Base Minimum Capital.

#### 10. TRADE DEBTS

Trade debts less: Loss allowance 10.1 10.2 1,286,212

1,286,212

508,585

10.1 Aging Analysis

Less than one year more than one year

1,286,212

1,286,212

508,585 -508,585

10.2 The company is expected to received all the amount due within a year based on historic loss experience therefore no loss allowance is recognized as per IFRS -09

#### ADVANCES, DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES 11.

Advance tax	14,663,500	13,311,887
Advance for Motor vehicle	500,000	-
Exposure Deposit	1,091,485	503,365
Future Deposit-NCCPL	9,736,983	1,000,000
	25,991,968	14,815,252

#### 12. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

Cash at bank - In current accounts ' - In pls and deposit accounts

456,824,508	213,077,400
456,824,508	213,077,400

355,490,714

95,772,316

This includes cash and bank balances pertaining to client amounting to Rs. 355,490,715.

#### 1

	and and and and	r bank balances p	creating to chefit amountain	g to 163. 33	3,170,713.	
13	SHARE CAPITAL					
AU	THORIZED SHAR	E CAPITAL				
	2021	2020		2021		2020
	Number	of Shares		(Rupee	es) (H	Rupees)
			ordinary shares of			
	15,000,000	15,000,000	Rs. 10 each	150,000	,000 15	0,000,000
ISS	SUED SUBSCRIBED	AND PAID-U	JP ordinary shares of			
			Rs. 100 each fully paid			
	925,000	925,000	in cash	92,500	,000 9	2,500,000
	PATTEI	RN OF SHARE	HOLDING	No of s	hares	9/0
i	Muhammad Asif			3	386,247	41.7564%
ii	Muhammad Rizwar	ı			1	0.0001%
iii	Abdul Hafiz				1	0.0001%
iv	Adnan				1	0.0001%
v	Muhammad Shafiq				1	0.0001%
vi	Muhammad Ashraf			1	138,749	14.9999%
vii	Ana Abdul Samad				400,000	43.2432%
				9	25,000	
14	TRADE AND OTH	ER PAYABLE				
	Credit balances of clie	nts		14.1	355,490,714	95,772,316
	Other liabilities				5,569,447	572,751
	Client future profit wi	theld			-	372,731
	Auditors remuneration					
	TIMETOTO TOTALICIATION			L	361,060,161	96,345,067
				=	501,000,101	=

Credit balances of clients held by the company

No Securities of clients is pledged with Financial Institution. 14.2

14.3 No Securities of the company is pledged with Financial Institution.

2021

22,855,123

2020

9,756,747

#### 15 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

15.1 There were no contingencies and commitments as at June 30, 2021.

16. REVENUE FROM CONTRACT WITH CUSTOMERS			es)	
	Brokerage Income	16.1 =	22,855,123	9,756,747
16.1	Brokerage commission	Γ	22,534,143 214,013	9,756,747
	Commission on IPO		214,013	
	Return on cash margin on future contract		106,967	-

#### OPERATING AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Return on cash margin on future contract

Salaries and allowances	17.1	19,696,631	18,649,179
PSX rent, electricity and service charges		319,983	637,116
Fees and subscription		802,942	612,245
Legal and professional		87,838	141,323
Communication Expenses		386,155	409,767
Auditors remuneration	17.2	243,780	219,880
Transaction Charges		2,678,064	613,331
Repair and maintenance		-	140,775
Depreciation	4	1,326,249	1,347,610
Bank Charges		3,829	3,140
Others		24,925	14,755
Care		25,570,395	22,789,121

This Includes Director Remuneration amounting to Rs 5,400,000. 17.1

# AUDITORS REMUNERATION

Appual Audit fee	243,780	200,000
Annual Audit fee	243,780	200,000
	243,700	

#### OTHER INCOME 18.

Gain/(loss) on investment at fair value thorugh P&L	
Profit on bank deposit	
Rental Income	
Loss on disposal of vehicle	
Other	

1,126,085	(2,155,609)
11,600,777	19,914,279
330,000	,
(290,000)	
-	66,879
12,766,862	17,825,549

#### 19. TAXATION

19.1.

The Company has filed return for the tax year 2020. According to Income Tax Ordinance 2001, the return filed is deemed to be an assessment order unless modified by Commissioner of Income Tax.

D	~	
Provision	tor	tavation
	TOT	taxation

- Current year	342,827	1,181,294
- Prior year	342,021	1,101,27
- Deferred		(2,863,279)
Net tax expense	342,827	(1,681,985)
Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit	2021	2020

# (Rupees)

Profit/(loss) before taxation	10,051,589	4,793,175
Tax at the applicable rate 29% (2020:29%)	2,914,961	1,390,021
Tax effect of income taxed under FTR	326,565	625,127
Other adjustments	(2,898,699)	(3,697,134)
	342,826	(1,681,987)

(Rupees)

#### 20. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

### 20.1 Financial instrument by category

#### 20.1.1 Financial assets

		2	2021	
	At fair value through profit or loss account	At fair value through OCI	At amortized cost	Total
Long term loan, advances and deposits	-	-	1,876,500	1,876,500
Investment at fair value thorugh OCI	-	33,375,238	- 4	33,375,238
Investment at fair value thorugh P&L	27,698,193	-	-	27,698,193
Trade debts		-	1,286,212	1,286,212
Advances, deposits and prepayments	-	-	10,828,468	10,828,468
Bank balances	-	-	456,824,508	456,824,508
	27,698,193	33,375,238	470,815,688	531,889,119

2020						
At fair value through profit or loss held for trading	At fair value through OCI	.t amortized cos	Total			
-		1,876,500	1,876,500			
	19,957,621	-	19,957,621			
11,145,414	_	-	11,145,414			
	-	717,616	717,616			
	-	1,503,365	1,503,365			
	_	213,077,400	213,077,400			
11.145.414	19,957,621	217,174,881	248,277,910			

Long term loan, advances and deposits

Investment at fair value thorugh OCI Investment at fair value through P&L Trade debts
Advances, deposits and prepayments
Bank balances

#### 20.1.2 Financial Liabilities at amortized cost

Trade and other Payables

2	2021
Amount	Total
361,060,161	361,060,161
361,060,161	361,060,161

	2020
Amount	Total
96,345,067	96,345,067
96,345,067	96,345,067

Trade and other Payables

#### 20.2 Financial risk management

The company primarily invests in marketable securities and are subject to varying degress of risk.

The Board of Directors of the company has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the company's risk management framework. The company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

Credit risk Liquidty risk Market risk Operational risk

#### 20.2.1 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss, without taking in to account the fair value of any collateral. Credit risk arises from the inability of the issuers of the instruments, the relevant financial institutions or counter parties in case of placements or other arrangements to fulfil their obligations.

### Exposure to Credit risk

Credit risk of the company arises principally from the trade debts, short term investments, loans and advances, deposits and other receivables. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure.

Credit risk is minimised due to the fact that the company invest only in high quality financial assets, all transactions are settled/paid for upon delivery. The company doesnot expect to incur material credit losses on its financial assets. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is as follows:

	2021	2020
	Rupees	
Long term deposits	1,876,500	1,876,500
Investment at fair value thorugh other comprehensive income	33,375,238	19,957,621
Investment at fair value through profit and loss	27,698,193	11,145,414
Advances, depsoits, prepayments and other receivable	10,828,468	1,503,365
Trade debts	1,286,212	508,585
Bank Balances	456,824,508	213,077,400
	531,889,119	248,068,885

#### 20.2.1.1 Bank Balances

The Analysis below summarizes the credit quality of the company's bank balance:

	2021	2020
	Rup	pees
AAA		16,072
AA+		213,061,328
A		er en la desta de la companya de la
AA		-
		213,061,328
		Contract to the Contract of th

The credit rating agency are PACRA and JCR-VIS.

#### 20.2.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the company could be required to pay its liabilities earlier than expected or difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial liabilities as they fall due. prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficent cash and marketable securities, the availablity of funding to an adequate amount of committed credit facililities and the ability to close out market positions due to dynamic nature of business.

			2021	100	
	carrying amount	contractual cash flows	up to one year	one to two years	Two to five years
Financial Liabilities Trade and other payables	361,060,161	361,060,161	361,060,161	-	-
	361,060,161	361,060,161	361,060,161		10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.1

		2020		
carrying amount	contractual cash flows	up to one year	one to two years	Two to five years
96,345,067	96,345,067	96,345,067	-	-
96,345,067	96,345,067	96,345,067		

On the balance sheet date, the company has cash and bank balances of Rs.456.8 million (2020: 178 million) for repayment of liabilities

#### 20.2.3 Market risk

payables

Financial Liabilities
Trade and other

Market risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market intrest rates or the market price due to change in credit rating of the issuer or the instrument, management manages market risk by monitoring exposure on marketable securities by following the internal risk management and investment policies and guidelines.

Market risk comprises of three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

#### Currency risk

Foreign currency risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions in foreign currencies. Currently there is no currency risk as all financial assets and liabilities are in PKR.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market risk. The company is not exposed to interest rate risk as there is no interest based liability or asset.

#### Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk) whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factor affecting all or similar financial instrument traded in the market.

The company's listed securities are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainities about the future value of investment securities. The company manages the equity price through diversification and all instruments are made thorugh surplus funds.

The company is exposed to other price risk on investment in listed shares. The company manages the risk through portfolio diversification, as per recommendation of Investment committee of the company. The committee regularly monitors the performance of investees and assess the financial performance on on-going basis.

The 10 percent increase/(decrease) in market value of these instruments with all other variables held constant impact on profit and loss account of the company is as follows:

	10% Increase	10% Decrease
as at 30th June 2021	2,769,819	(2,769,819)
as at 30th June 2020	1,114,541	(1,114,541)

Before Tax

#### 20.3 Fair value of Financial instruments

Fair value is an amount for which an asset is could be exchanged or a liability is settled between knowledgeable wiling parties in arm's length transaction. The table below analysis financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels (methods) have been defined as follows:

- Level 1: Fair value measurements using quoted prices (undjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Fair value measurements using inputs other than quoted market price included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e as prices) or indirectly (i.e derived from parties).
- Level 3: Fair value measurements using inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e unobservable inputs).

The company at year end hold listed assets amounting to Rs 61.03 million (2020: 22.84 million) that are recorded at quoted price.

## 20.4 Capital risk management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders.

## 21 CAPITAL ADEQUACY LEVEL

Total Assets Less: Total Liabilities	575,619,695 (361,060,161)	287,778,223 (96,345,067)
Less: Revaluation Reserves  Capital Adequacy Level	214,559,534	191,433,156

While determining the value of total assets of TREC holder, the Notional value of the TREC held by Saz Capital Securities (Private) Limited as at year ended 30th June 2021 determined by Pakistan Stock Exchange has been considered.

# 22 NET CAPITAL BALANCE AND LIQUID CAPITAL BALANCE

## 22.1 Net Capital Balance As At 30th June 2021

DESCRIPTION VALUATION B.		VALUATION BASIS VALUE			
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash in hand Cash at bank	As per book value Bank balances pertaining to house Bank balances pertaining to client	101,333,793 355,490,715	456,824,508		
Deposits against exposure and losses	As per book value		1,091,485		
Trade Receivable	Book Value Less: overdue for more than 14 days	1,286,212 (310,459)	975,753		
Investment in Listed Securities in the name	Market value	16,057,750 (2,408,663)	13,649,088		
of broker  Securities purchased  for client	Less: 15% discount  Securities purchased for the client and held the member where the payment has not lead to t		269,595		
CURRENT LIABIL	received within 14 days.  ITIES		472,810,429		
Trade Payable	Book value Less: Overdue for more than 30 days	355,490,714 (228,406,310)	127,084,404		
Other liabilities	Overdue for more than 30 days As classified under the generally accepted	228,406,310			
	accounting principles.	5,569,447	233,975,757		
Net Capital Balance	As At 30th June 2021		111,750,268		

# 22.2 Liquid Capital Balance

-	Head of Account	Value in Pak		Net Adjus
1.1	Assets	Rupee	Adjustments	Value
1.2	Property & Equipment			
1.3	Intangible Assets	20,248,229	20,248,229	
1.4	Investment in Govt. Securities	2,750,000	2,750,000	
1.4	Investment in Debt. Securities			
	If listed than:	7		are and
	i. 5% of the balance sheet value in the case of tenure upto 1 year.			
	it. 7.3 % of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure from 1.3			
	at 10,000 the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure of more than 3			
	At dimsted diale			
	i. 10% of the balance sheet value in the case of tenure upto 1 year.			
	II. 123 of the balance sheet value in the consection			
1.5	in. 15% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure of more than 2			
1.5	- Country Securities			
	i. If listed 15% or VaR of each securities on the cutoff date as computed by the Securities Exchange for respective securities whichever is higher.			
	securities whichever is higher.	16,057,750	2,927,138	13,130
	ii. If unlisted, 100% of carrying value.		5,727,150	13,130
	iii.Subscription money against Investment in IPO/offer for Sale: Amount paid as subscription money provided that shares have not been alloted or are not included in the investment for the investment of the inve			
	that shares have not been alloted or are not included in the investments of securities broker.			
	iv.100% Hairout shall be applied to Vi-land St.			
	iv.100% Haircut shall be applied to Value of Investment in any asset including shares of listed securities that are in Block, Freeze or Pledge status as on reporting date. (July 19, 2017) Provided that 100% haircut shall not be applied in case of investment in those securities which are Pledged in Sweet of Standard 100% haircut shall not be applied			
	in case of investment in those securities which are Ulay 15, 2017) Provided that 100% haircut shall not be applied			
	Margin Financing requirements or pledged in favor of Stock Exchange / Clearing House against	45,015,681	45,015,681	
	cases, the haircut as provided in schedule III of the Regulations in respect of investment in securities shall be applicable (August 25, 2017)	, , , , , ,	15,015,001	
1.6	Investment in subsidiaries			
1.7	Investment in associated companies/undertaking			
	i. If listed 20% or VaR of each securities as computed by the Security F. J.			
				2906
	ii. If unlisted, 100% of net value.			
1.8	Statutory or regulatory deposits/basic deposits with the exchanges, clearing house or central depository or any			
1.0	other entity.	1,876,500	1,876,500	SAE A
1.9	Margin deposits with exchange and clearing house.		1,070,300	
1.10	Deposit with authorized intermediary against borrowed securities under SLB.	1,091,485	-	1,091
1.11	Other deposits and prepayments		and the second second	(
1.12	Accrued interest, profit or mark-up on amounts placed with financial institutions or debt securities etc.(Nil)	30,469,329	30,469,329	and principles
	100% in respect of markup accrued on loans to directors, subsidiaries and other related parties			When wanted
1.13	Dividends receivables.	A STATE OF THE STA	reservation was a final	rest Birst
1.14	Amounts receivable against Repo financing.		Contract of	
	Amount paid as purchaser under the REPO agreement. (Securities purchased under repo arrangement shall not be included in the investments.)		risk - proceed	
	included in the investments.)			
1.15	i. Short Term Loan To Employees: Loans are Secured and Due for repayment within 12 months			
	ii. Receivables other than trade receivables			
1.16	Receivables from cleaning house or securities exchange(s)			
	100% value of claims other than those on account of ill			
	100% value of claims other than those on account of entitlements against trading of securities in all markets including MtM gains.			
	ii. Receivable on entitlements against trading of securities in all markets including MtM gains.			
1.17	Receivables from customers			2000
				S CANA
	i. In case receivables are against margin financing, the aggregate if (i) value of securities held in the blocked account			
	after applying VAR based Haircut, (ii) cash deposited as collateral by the financee (iii) market value of any securities deposited as collateral after applying VaR based haircut.			
	i. Lower of net balance sheet value or value determined through adjustments.			
	ii. Incase receivables are against margin trading, 5% of the net balance sheet value.	49		
	ii. Net amount after deducting haircut			
			The same of the sa	
	iii. Incase receivalbes are against securities borrowings under SLB, the amount paid to NCCPL as collateral upon entering into contract,			
	iii. Net amount after deducting haricut			
	IV Incase of other tends excessibles as a second for	e et simone de		
	iv. Incase of other trade receivables not more than 5 days overdue, 0% of the net balance sheet value.	267,359		267
	v. Incase of other trade receivables are overdue, or 5 days or more, the aggregate of (i) the market value of			
	Partition partition for customers and neighborsecounts after applying VAD Land 1			
	I the market value of securities held as collateral after applying VaD	1,018,852	-	971
1.10	vi. 100% haircut in the case of amount receivable form related parties.			
1.18	Cash and Bank balances			
	i. Bank Balance-proprietory accounts	101 222 702	Kang MBa, S	127-2
	ii. Bank balance-customer accounts	101,333,793		101,333
1.40	iii. Cash in hand	355,490,715	110/11/11 to 30 15	355,490
1.19	Total Assets		•	
2	Liabilities	575,619,694	103,286,878	472,291

	i. Payable to exchanges and clearing house			
	ii. Payable against leveraged market products	+		-
	iii. Payable to customers	355 400 74 4		255 4
2.2	Current Liabilities	355,490,714	-	355,4
2.2				
	i. Statutory and regulatory dues			
	ii. Accruals and other payables	5,569,447	-	5,5
	iii. Short-term borrowings			
	iv. Current portion of subordinated loans			1
	v. Current portion of long term liabilities		1	
	vi. Deferred Liabilities		1	1
	vii. Provision for bad debts		1 :	-
	viii. Provision for taxation		-	-
				-
	ix. Other liabilities as per accounting principles and included in the financial statements			
2.3	Non-Current Liabilities			
	i. Long-Term financing			
	a. Long-Term financing obtained from financial instituion: Long term portion of financing obtained from			
	a financial institution including amount due against finance lease			
	b. Other long-term financing			
	ii. Staff retirement benefits			-
				+
	iii. Advance against shares for Increase in Capital of Securities broker. 100% haircut may be allowed in respect of advance against shares if:			
	advance against snares it:			
	a. The existing authorized share capital allows the proposed enhanced share capital			
	b. Boad of Directors of the company has approved the increase in capital			
	c. Relevant Regulatory approvals have been obtained			
	d. There is no unreasonable delay in issue of shares against advance and all regulatory requirements relating to the			
	increase in paid up capital have been completed.			
	e. Auditor is satisfied that such advance is against the increase of capital.			
	iv. Other liabilities as per accounting principles and included in the financial statements			
2.4	Subordinated Loans			
	Cubotumated Exams			
	i. 100% of Subordinated loans which fulfill the conditions specified by SECP are allowed to be deducted:			
	The Schedule III provides that 100% haircut will be allowed against subordinated Loans which fulfill the			
	conditions specified by SECP. In this regard, following conditions are specified:			
	a. Loan agreement must be executed on stamp paper and must clearly reflect the amount to be repaid after 12			
	months of reporting period			
	b. No haircut will be allowed against short term portion which is repayable within next 12 months.			
	b. No haircut will be allowed against short term portion which is repayable within next 12 months.  c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid			
	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid			
	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.			
2.5	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP	361 060 161		361 066
2.5	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP Total Liabilities	361,060,161	-	361,06
3	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP Total Liabilities Ranking Liabilities Relating to:	361,060,161	-	361,060
	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP Total Liabilities Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing	361,060,161		361,06
3	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP Total Liabilities Ranking Liabilities Relating to: Concentration in Margin Financing The amount calculated client-to- client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed	361,060,161	4	361,06
3	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to- client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed  10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.	361,060,161		361,06
3	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP Total Liabilities Ranking Liabilities Relating to: Concentration in Margin Financing The amount calculated client-to- client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed	361,060,161		361,06
3 3.1	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to- client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed  10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.	361,060,161	=	361,060
3 3.1	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to- client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securites lending and borrowing	361,060,161	-	361,066
3 3.1	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to-client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securites lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of:	361,060,161	=	361,06
3 3.1	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to- client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securites lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of:  (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL	361,060,161	=	361,060
3 3.1	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to- client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securites lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of:  (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL  (II) Cash margins paid and	361,060,161	-	361,06
3 3.1 3.2	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to- client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securites lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of:  (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL  (ii) Cash margins paid and  (iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed	361,060,161		361,06
3 3.1 3.2	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to-client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securites lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of:  (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL  (II) Cash margins paid and  (iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed Net underwriting Commitments	361,060,161		361,06
3 3.1 3.2	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to-client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securites lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of:  (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL  (II) Cash margins paid and  (iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed Net underwriting Commitments	361,060,161		361,060
3 3.1 3.2	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to- client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securites lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of:  (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL  (ii) Cash margins paid and  (iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed Net underwriting Commitments  (a) in the case of right issuse: if the market value of securites is less than or equal to the subscription price; the	361,060,161		361,066
3 3.1 3.2	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to- client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securites lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of:  (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL  (ii) Cash margins paid and  (iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed  Net underwriting Commitments  (a) in the case of right issuse: if the market value of securities is less than or equal to the subscription price; the aggregate of:  (i) the 50% of Haircut multiplied by the underwriting commitments and	361,060,161		361,06
3 3.1 3.2	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to- client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securites lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of:  (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL  (ii) Cash margins paid and  (iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed  Net underwriting Commitments  (a) in the case of right issuse: if the market value of securities is less than or equal to the subscription price; the aggregate of:  (i) the 50% of Haircut multiplied by the underwriting commitments and	361,060,161		361,06
3 3.1 3.2	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to- client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securites lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of:  (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL  (Ii) Cash margins paid and  (iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed  Net underwriting Commitments  (a) in the case of right issuse: if the market value of securities is less than or equal to the subscription price; the aggregate of:  (i) the 50% of Haircut multiplied by the underwriting commitments and  (ii) the value by which the underwriting commitments exceeds the market price of the securities.	361,060,161		361,06
3 3.1 3.2	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to- client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securites lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of:  (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL  (Ii) Cash margins paid and  (iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed Net underwriting Commitments  (a) in the case of right issuse: if the market value of securities is less than or equal to the subscription price; the aggregate of:  (i) the 50% of Haircut multiplied by the underwriting commitments and  (ii) the value by which the underwriting commitments exceeds the market price of the securities.  In the case of rights issuse where the market price of securities is greater than the subscription price, 5% of	361,060,161		361,06
3 3.1 3.2	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to- client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securites lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of:  (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL  (li) Cash margins paid and  (ii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed  Net underwriting Commitments  (a) in the case of right issuse: if the market value of securities is less than or equal to the subscription price; the aggregate of:  (i) the 50% of Haircut multiplied by the underwriting commitments and  (ii) the value by which the underwriting commitments exceeds the market price of the securities.  In the case of rights issuse where the market price of securities is greater than the subscription price, 5% of the Haircut multiplied by the net underwriting	361,060,161	=	361,06
3 3.1 3.2 3.3	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to- client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securites lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of:  (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL  (ii) Cash margins paid and  (iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed  Net underwriting Commitments  (a) in the case of right issuse: if the market value of securities is less than or equal to the subscription price; the aggregate of:  (i) the 50% of Haircut multiplied by the underwriting commitments and  ii) the value by which the underwriting commitments exceeds the market price of the securities.  In the case of rights issuse where the market price of securities is greater than the subscription price, 5% of the Haircut multiplied by the net underwriting  (b) in any other case: 12.5% of the net underwriting commitments	361,060,161	=	361,06
3 3.1 3.2 3.3	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to- client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securites lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of:  (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL  (ii) Cash margins paid and  (iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed  Net underwriting Commitments  (a) in the case of right issuse: if the market value of securities is less than or equal to the subscription price; the aggregate of:  (i) the 50% of Haircut multiplied by the underwriting commitments and  (ii) the value by which the underwriting commitments exceeds the market price of the securities.  In the case of rights issuse where the market price of securities is greater than the subscription price, 5% of the Haircut multiplied by the net underwriting  (b) in any other case: 12.5% of the net underwriting commitments  Negative equity of subsidiary	361,060,161		361,066
3 3.1 3.2 3.3	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to- client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securites lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of:  (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL  (ii) Cash margins paid and  (iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed Net underwriting Commitments  (a) in the case of right issuse: if the market value of securities is less than or equal to the subscription price; the aggregate of:  (i) the 50% of Haircut multiplied by the underwriting commitments and  (ii) the value by which the underwriting commitments exceeds the market price of the securities.  In the case of rights issuse where the market price of securities is greater than the subscription price, 5% of the Haircut multiplied by the net underwriting  (b) in any other case: 12.5% of the net underwriting commitments  Negative equity of subsidiary  The amount by which the total assets of the subsidiary (excluding any amount due from the subsidiary)	361,060,161		361,06
3.3.1 3.2 3.3	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to- client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securities lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of:  (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL  (ii) Cash margins paid and  (iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed Net underwriting Commitments  (a) in the case of right issuse: if the market value of securities is less than or equal to the subscription price; the aggregate of:  (i) the 50% of Haircut multiplied by the underwriting commitments and  (ii) the value by which the underwriting commitments exceeds the market price of the securities. In the case of rights issuse where the market price of securities is greater than the subscription price, 5% of the Haircut multiplied by the net underwriting  (b) in any other case: 12.5% of the net underwriting commitments  Negative equity of subsidiary  The amount by which the total assets of the subsidiary (excluding any amount due from the subsidiary) exceed the total liabilities of the subsidiary	361,060,161		361,066
3.3.1 3.2 3.3	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to-client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securities lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of:  (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL  (ii) Cash margins paid and  (iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed Net underwriting Commitments  (a) in the case of right issuse: if the market value of securities is less than or equal to the subscription price; the aggregate of:  (i) the 50% of Haircut multiplied by the underwriting commitments and  (ii) the value by which the underwriting commitments exceeds the market price of the securities.  In the case of right issuse where the market price of securities is greater than the subscription price, 5% of the Haircut multiplied by the net underwriting  (b) in any other case: 12.5% of the net underwriting commitments  Negative equity of subsidiary  The amount by which the total assets of the subsidiary (excluding any amount due from the subsidiary) exceed the total liabilities of the subsidiary  Foreign exchange agreements and foreign currency positions	361,060,161		361,066
3.3.1 3.2 3.3	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to-client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securities lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of:  (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL  (ii) Cash margins paid and  (iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed Net underwriting Commitments  (a) in the case of right issuse: if the market value of securities is less than or equal to the subscription price; the aggregate of:  (i) the 50% of Haircut multiplied by the underwriting commitments and  (ii) the value by which the underwriting commitments exceeds the market price of the securities.  In the case of right issuse where the market price of securities is greater than the subscription price, 5% of the Haircut multiplied by the net underwriting  (b) in any other case: 12.5% of the net underwriting commitments  Negative equity of subsidiary  The amount by which the total assets of the subsidiary (excluding any amount due from the subsidiary) exceed the total liabilities of the subsidiary  Foreign exchange agreements and foreign currency positions	361,060,161		361,06
3.3.1 3.2 3.3	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to-client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securites lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of:  (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL  (ii) Cash margins paid and  (iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed Net underwriting Commitments  (a) in the case of right issuse: if the market value of securities is less than or equal to the subscription price; the aggregate of:  (i) the 50% of Haircut multiplied by the underwriting commitments and  (ii) the value by which the underwriting commitments exceeds the market price of the securities.  In the case of rights issuse where the market price of securities is greater than the subscription price, 5% of the Haircut multiplied by the net underwriting  (b) in any other case: 12.5% of the net underwriting commitments  Negative equity of subsidiary  The amount by which the total assets of the subsidiary (excluding any amount due from the subsidiary) exceed the total liabilities of the subsidiary  Foreign exchange agreements and foreign currency positions  5% of the net position in foreign currency. Net position in foreign currency means the difference of total assets	361,060,161		361,06
3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.3	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to- client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securites lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of:  (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL  (ii) Cash margins paid and  (iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed Net underwriting Commitments  (a) in the case of right issuse: if the market value of securities is less than or equal to the subscription price; the aggregate of:  (i) the 50% of Haircut multiplied by the underwriting commitments and  (ii) the value by which the underwriting commitments exceeds the market price of the securities.  In the case of rights issuse where the market price of securities is greater than the subscription price, 5% of the Haircut multiplied by the net underwriting  (b) in any other case: 12.5% of the net underwriting commitments  Negative equity of subsidiary  The amount by which the total assets of the subsidiary (excluding any amount due from the subsidiary) exceed the total liabilities of the subsidiary  Foreign exchange agreements and foreign currency positions  5% of the net position in foreign currency. Net position in foreign currency means the difference of total assets denominated in foreign currency	361,060,161		361,06
3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.3	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to- client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securites lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of:  (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL  (ii) Cash margins paid and  (iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed Net underwriting Commitments  (a) in the case of right issuse: if the market value of securities is less than or equal to the subscription price; the aggregate of:  (i) the 50% of Haircut multiplied by the underwriting commitments and  (ii) the value by which the underwriting commitments exceeds the market price of the securities. In the case of rights issuse where the market price of securities is greater than the subscription price, 5% of the Haircut multiplied by the net underwriting commitments  Negative equity of subsidiary  The amount by which the total assets of the subsidiary (excluding any amount due from the subsidiary) exceed the total liabilities of the subsidiary  Foreign exchange agreements and foreign currency positions  5% of the net position in foreign currency less total liabilities denominated in foreign currency  Amount Payable under REPO	361,060,161		361,06
3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.3	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing The amount calculated client-to- client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securites lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of: (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL (ii) Cash margins paid and (iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed Net underwriting Commitments  (a) in the case of right issuse: if the market value of securities is less than or equal to the subscription price; the aggregate of: (i) the 50% of Haircut multiplied by the underwriting commitments and (ii) the value by which the underwriting commitments exceeds the market price of the securities.  In the case of rights issuse where the market price of securities is greater than the subscription price, 5% of the Haircut multiplied by the net underwriting commitments  Negative equity of subsidiary  The amount by which the total assets of the subsidiary (excluding any amount due from the subsidiary) exceed the total liabilities of the subsidiary  Foreign exchange agreements and foreign currency positions  5% of the net position in foreign currency. Net position in foreign currency means the difference of total assets denominated in foreign currency less total liabilities denominated in foreign currency  Amount Payable under REPO  Repo adjustment	361,060,161		361,066
3 3.1	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing The amount calculated client-to- client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securites lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of: (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL (ii) Cash margins paid and (iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed Net underwriting Commitments  (a) in the case of right issuse: if the market value of securities is less than or equal to the subscription price; the aggregate of: (i) the 50% of Haircut multiplied by the underwriting commitments and (ii) the value by which the underwriting commitments exceeds the market price of the securities.  In the case of rights issuse where the market price of securities is greater than the subscription price, 5% of the Haircut multiplied by the net underwriting commitments  Negative equity of subsidiary  The amount by which the total assets of the subsidiary (excluding any amount due from the subsidiary) exceed the total liabilities of the subsidiary  Foreign exchange agreements and foreign currency positions  5% of the net position in foreign currency. Net position in foreign currency means the difference of total assets denominated in foreign currency less total liabilities denominated in foreign currency  Amount Payable under REPO  Repo adjustment	361,060,161		361,06
3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.3	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing The amount calculated client-to- client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securities lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of:  (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL (ii) Cash margins paid and (iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed Net underwriting Commitments  (a) in the case of right issuse: if the market value of securities is less than or equal to the subscription price; the aggregate of: (i) the 50% of Haircut multiplied by the underwriting commitments and (ii) the value by which the underwriting commitments exceeds the market price of the securities.  In the case of rights issues where the market price of securities is greater than the subscription price, 5% of the Haircut multiplied by the net underwriting commitments  Negative equity of subsidiary  The amount by which the total assets of the subsidiary (excluding any amount due from the subsidiary) exceed the total liabilities of the subsidiary  Foreign exchange agreements and foreign currency positions  5% of the net position in foreign currency. Net position in foreign currency means the difference of total assets denominated in foreign currency less total liabilities denominated in foreign currency  Amount Payable under REPO  Repo adjustment  In the case of financier/purchaser the total amount receivable under Repo less the 110% of the market value of	361,060,161		361,06
3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.3	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to-client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securities lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of:  (a) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL  (ii) Cash margins paid and  (iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed  Net underwriting Commitments  (a) in the case of right issuse: if the market value of securities is less than or equal to the subscription price; the aggregate of:  (i) the value by which the underwriting commitments and  ii) the value by which the underwriting commitments as weeds the market price of the securities.  In the case of rights issuse where the market price of securities is greater than the subscription price, 5% of the Haircut multiplied by the net underwriting commitments  Negative equity of subsidiary  The amount by which the total assets of the subsidiary (excluding any amount due from the subsidiary) exceed the total liabilities of the subsidiary  Foreign exchange agreements and foreign currency positions  5% of the net position in foreign currency. Net position in foreign currency means the difference of total assets denominated in foreign currency less total liabilities denominated in foreign currency  Amount Payable under REPO  Repo adjustment  In the case of financier/purchaser the total amount receivable under Repo less the 110% of the market value of underlying securities.	361,060,161		361,06
3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.3	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to-client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securities lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of:  (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL  (ii) Cash margins paid and  (iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed  Net underwriting Commitments  (a) in the case of right issuse: if the market value of securities is less than or equal to the subscription price; the aggregate of:  (i) the 50% of Haircut multiplied by the underwriting commitments and  (ii) the value by which the underwriting commitments exceeds the market price of the securities.  In the case of rights issuse where the market price of securities is greater than the subscription price, 5% of the Haircut multiplied by the net underwriting commitments  Negative equity of subsidiary  The amount by which the total assets of the subsidiary (excluding any amount due from the subsidiary)  receive exchange agreements and foreign currency positions  5% of the net position in foreign currency. Net position in foreign currency means the difference of total assets denominated in foreign currency less total liabilities denominated in foreign currency  Amount Payable under REPO  Repo adjustment  In the case of financee/seller the market value of underlying securities after applying haircut less the total amount	361,060,161		361,06
3.3.1 3.2 3.3.3 3.4 3.5 5.6 5.7	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to- client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securities lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of:  (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL  (ii) Cash margins paid and  (iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed Net underwriting Commitments  (a) in the case of right issuse: if the market value of securities is less than or equal to the subscription price; the aggregate of:  (i) the 50% of Haircut multiplied by the underwriting commitments and  (ii) the value by which the underwriting commitments exceeds the market price of the securities.  In the case of rights issuse where the market price of securities is greater than the subscription price, 5% of the Haircut multiplied by the net underwriting commitments  (b) in any other case: 12.5% of the net underwriting commitments  Negative equity of subsidiary  The amount by which the total assets of the subsidiary (excluding any amount due from the subsidiary) exceed the total liabilities of the subsidiary  Foreign exchange agreements and foreign currency positions  5% of the net position in foreign currency. Net position in foreign currency means the difference of total assets denominated in foreign currency for the market value of underlying securities.  In the case of financeer/seller the market value of underlying securities after applying haircut less the total amount received less value of any securites deposited as collateral by the purchaser after applying haircut less any cash	361,060,161		361,06
3.3.1 3.2 3.3.3 3.4 3.5 5.6 5.7	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to-client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securites lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of:  (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL  (ii) Cash margins paid and  (iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed  Net underwriting Commitments  (a) in the case of right issuse: if the market value of securities is less than or equal to the subscription price; the aggregate of:  (i) the 50% of Haircut multiplied by the underwriting commitments and  (ii) the value by which the underwriting commitments exceeds the market price of the securities. In the case of rights issuse where the market price of securities is greater than the subscription price, 5% of the Haircut multiplied by the net underwriting commitments  Negative equity of subsidiary  The amount by which the total assets of the subsidiary (excluding any amount due from the subsidiary) exceed the total liabilities of the subsidiary  Foreign exchange agreements and foreign currency positions  5% of the net position in foreign currency. Net position in foreign currency means the difference of total assets denominated in foreign currency less total liabilities denominated in foreign currency  Repo adjustment  In the case of financier/purchaser the total amount receivable under Repo less the 110% of the market value of underlying securities  In the case of financier/purchaser the total amount receivable under Repo less the 110% of the market value of underlying securities after applying haircut less any cash dep	361,060,161		361,06
3.3.1 3.2 3.3.3 3.4 3.5 5.6 5.7	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to- client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securites lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of:  (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL  (ii) Cash margins paid and  (iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed  Net underwriting Commitments  (a) in the case of right issues: if the market value of securities is less than or equal to the subscription price; the aggregate of:  (i) the 50% of Haircut multiplied by the underwriting commitments and  (ii) the value by which the underwriting commitments exceeds the market price of the securities.  In the case of rights issues where the market price of securities is greater than the subscription price, 5% of the Haircut multiplied by the net underwriting  (b) in any other case: 12.5% of the net underwriting commitments  Negative equity of subsidiary  The amount by which the total assets of the subsidiary (excluding any amount due from the subsidiary) exceed the total liabilities of the subsidiary  Foreign exchange agreements and foreign currency positions  5% of the net position in foreign currency. Net position in foreign currency means the difference of total assets denominated in foreign currency less total liabilities denominated in foreign currency less total liabilities of the subsidiary  Foreign exchange agreements and foreign currency positions  5% of the net position in foreign currency less total liabilities denominated in foreign currency less total amount received less value of any securities deposited as	361,060,161		361,066
3.3.1 3.2 3.3.3 3.4 3.5 5.6 6.6	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.  ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions specified by SECP  Total Liabilities  Ranking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing  The amount calculated client-to-client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.  Concentration in securites lending and borrowing  The amount by which the aggregate of:  (i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL  (ii) Cash margins paid and  (iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed  Net underwriting Commitments  (a) in the case of right issuse: if the market value of securities is less than or equal to the subscription price; the aggregate of:  (i) the 50% of Haircut multiplied by the underwriting commitments and  (ii) the value by which the underwriting commitments exceeds the market price of the securities. In the case of rights issuse where the market price of securities is greater than the subscription price, 5% of the Haircut multiplied by the net underwriting commitments  Negative equity of subsidiary  The amount by which the total assets of the subsidiary (excluding any amount due from the subsidiary) exceed the total liabilities of the subsidiary  Foreign exchange agreements and foreign currency positions  5% of the net position in foreign currency. Net position in foreign currency means the difference of total assets denominated in foreign currency less total liabilities denominated in foreign currency  Repo adjustment  In the case of financier/purchaser the total amount receivable under Repo less the 110% of the market value of underlying securities  In the case of financier/purchaser the total amount receivable under Repo less the 110% of the market value of underlying securities after applying haircut less any cash dep	3,606,188		361,066

		933,073,666	103,286,878	107,625,600
3.12	Liquid Capital	3,606,188	-	3,606,18
3.11	Total Ranking Liabilities			
	ii. Incase of proprietory positions, the market value of shares sold short in ready market and not yet settled increased by the amount of VAR based haircut less the value of securities pledged as collateral after applying haircuts.			
	i. Incase of customer positions, the market value of shares sold short in ready market on behalf of customers after increasing the same with the VaR based haircuts less the cash deposited by the customer as collateral and the value of securities held as collateral after applying VAR based Haircuts			,
3.10	Short sell positions			
	ii. In case of proprietary positions , the total margin requirements in respect of open positions to the extent not already met			
	<ol> <li>In case of customer positions, the total margin requiremnets in respect of open positions less the amount of cash deposited by the customer and the value of securites held as collateral/pledged with securities exchange after applyiong VaR haircuts</li> </ol>			
3.9	Opening Positions in futures and options			

# 23. TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related Parties Comprise of associated companies , directors, key management personnel and close family Details of transactions and balances with related parties, other than those which have been specifically

	Remuneration to Directors		2021	2020
	remaneration to Directors			5,400,000
				5,400,000
			2021	2020
24.	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES		(Numbe	r of employees)
	Total number of employees at June 30	· ·	. 17	17
25.	DATE OF AUTHORIZATION			
	These financial statements have been authorized for issue on Directors of the company.	1 OCT	2021	_ by the Board of

#### 26. GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest Rupee and corresponding figures have been re-arranged, where necessary, for the purpose of comparison.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

DIRECTOR

2020



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# UHU INTERNATIONAL

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